

It is highly recommended that this manual be read in its entirety before using this product. Do not use this kit beyond the expiration date.

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Introduction:

Interferon- β is a member of the Type I interferon class. Type I IFNs are involved in the innate immune system, being released non-specifically during the early stage of infection in response to stimuli such as viruses, dsRNA, LPS, and bacterial components. Once secreted by virus-infected or activated cells, they bind to the IFN α/β receptor (IFNAR), which is found on almost all cell types, and, via the JAK-STAT pathway, induce the expression of hundreds of IFN-stimulated genes (ISGs). While the function of many of these proteins remains to be elucidated, a hallmark of Type I IFNs is their anti-viral activities, both general and specific against particular viruses. Type I IFNs also regulate cell growth and apoptosis, and exert various immunomodulatory and inflammatory effects. As such, they are also clinically relevant, both as therapeutics and as targets of inhibition for the treatment of various autoimmune diseases and cancers.

Mouse IFN- β is a ~20 kD monomeric glycoprotein. It has 50% amino acid sequence homology with mouse IFN- α , its closest related protein, and 62% homology with human IFN- β . IFN- β is currently the therapeutic of choice for treating multiple sclerosis.

BioLegend's LEGEND MAX[™] Mouse IFN-β ELISA Kit is a Sandwich Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with a polyclonal goat anti-mouse IFN-β capture antibody. The detection antibody is a biotinylated monoclonal Armenian hamster anti-mouse IFN-β antibody. This kit is specifically designed for the accurate quantitation of mouse IFN-β from cell culture supernatant, serum, plasma and other biological fluids. It is analytically validated with ready-to-use reagents.

Materials Provided:

Description	Quantity	Volume (per bottle)	Part #
Anti-Mouse IFN-β Pre-coated 96-well Strip Microplate	1 plate		79833
Mouse IFN-β Detection Antibody	1 bottle	12 mL	79834
Mouse IFN-β Standard	1 vial	lyophilized	79836
Avidin-HRP D	1 bottle	12 mL	78237
Matrix C (for serum and plasma samples only)	1 vial	lyophilized	78316
Assay Buffer A	1 bottle	25 mL	78232
Wash Buffer (20X)	1 bottle	50 mL	78233
Substrate Solution F	1 bottle	12 mL	79132
Stop Solution	1 bottle	12 mL	79133
Plate Sealers	1 pack		78101

Materials to be Provided by the End-User:

- Microplate reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm
- Adjustable pipettes to measure volumes ranging from 1 μL to 1,000 μL
- Deionized water
- Wash bottle or automated microplate washer
- Log-Log graph paper or software for data analysis
- Tubes to prepare standard dilutions
- Timer
- Plate Shaker
- Polypropylene vials

Storage Information:

Store unopened kit components between 2°C and 8°C. Do not use this kit beyond its expiration date.

Opened or Reconstituted Components					
Microplate wells	If not all microplate strips are used, remove the excess strips by pressing up from underneath each strip. Place excess strips back in the foil pouch with the included des- iccant pack and reseal. Store between 2°C and 8°C for up to one month.				
Standard	The remaining reconstituted standard stock solution and Matrix C can be aliquoted into polypropylene vials and				
Matrix C	stored at -70°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.				
Detection Antibody					
Avidin-HRP D					
Assay Buffer A	Store opened reagents between 2°C and 8°C and use				
Wash Buffer (20X)	within one month.				
Substrate Solution F					
Stop Solution					

Health Hazard Warnings:

- 1. Reagents that contain preservatives may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Refer to the MSDS online at BioLegend's website for details (www.biolegend.com/en-us/sds).
- 2. Substrate Solution F is harmful if inhaled or ingested. Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact.
- To reduce the likelihood of blood-borne transmission of infectious agents, handle all serum, plasma and other biological fluids in accordance with NCCLS regulations.
- 4. Stop Solution contains strong acid. *Wear eye, hand, and face protection.*
- 5. Before disposing of the plate, rinse it with an excess amount of tap water.

Specimen Collection and Handling:

Specimens should be clear and non-hemolyzed. If possible, unknown samples should be run at a number of dilutions to determine the optimal dilution factor that will ensure accurate quantitation.

<u>Cell Culture Supernatant</u>: If necessary, centrifuge all samples to remove debris prior to analysis. It is recommended that samples be stored at < -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

<u>Serum:</u> Use a serum separator tube and allow clotting for at least 30 minutes, then centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1,000 x g. Remove serum layer. Assay immediately or store serum samples at < -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Mouse IFN- β is particularly unstable in serum and subject to degradation. Fresh samples are recommended.

<u>Plasma:</u> Collect blood samples in citrate, heparin or EDTA containing tubes. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1,000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or store plasma samples at < -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent and Sample Preparation:

Note: All reagents should be diluted immediately prior to use.

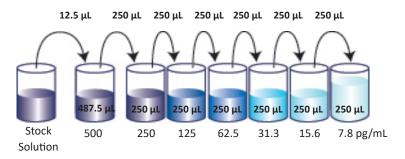
- Dilute the 20X Wash Buffer to 1X with deionized water. For example, make 1 liter of 1X Wash Buffer by adding 50 mL of 20X Wash Buffer to 950 mL of deionized water. If crystals have formed in the 20X Wash Buffer, bring to room temperature and mix until dissolved.
- 2. If serum or plasma samples will be assayed, reconstitute the lyophilized Matrix C by dispensing 2 mL of deionized water into the vial. Allow the reconstituted Matrix C to sit at room temperature for 15 minutes, vortex to mix completely.
- 3. Reconstitute the lyophilized Mouse IFN- β Standard by adding the volume of Assay Buffer A to make the 20 ng/mL standard stock solution (Refer to LEGEND MAX Kit Lot-Specific Certificate of Analysis/LEGEND MAX Kit Protocol). Allow the reconstituted standard to sit at room temperature for 15 minutes, then briefly vortex to mix completely. Particulates may be observed in the solution after standard reconsitution. If desired, reconstituted standard can be centrifuged at 14,000 x g for 1 minute on a benchtop centrifuge (e.g., Eppendorf centrifuge 5415 C, or equivalent) to remove the particulates. Supernatant can then be collected and utilized in the assay. It has been confirmed that the presence of particulates would not affect the assay performance.

4. In general, samples are analyzed without dilutions. However, if dilutions are required, use Assay Buffer A for diluting cell culture supernatant samples and Matrix C for diluting plasma and serum samples.

Assay Procedure:

Note: Do not mix reagents from different kits or lots. Reagents and/or antibodies from different manufacturers should not be used with this kit.

- 1. Bring all reagents to room temperature prior to use. It is strongly recommended that all standards and samples be run in duplicate or triplicate. A standard curve is required for each assay.
- 2. If not all microplate strips will be used, remove the excess strips by pressing up from underneath each strip. Place excess strips back in the foil pouch with the included desiccant pack and reseal.
- Prepare 500 μL of the 500 pg/mL top standard by diluting 12.5 μL of the standard stock solution in 487.5 μL of Assay Buffer A. Perform six two-fold serial dilutions of the 500 pg/mL top standard in separate tubes using Assay Buffer A as the diluent. Thus, the mouse IFN-β standard concentrations in the tubes are 500 pg/mL, 250 pg/mL, 125 pg/mL, 62.5 pg/mL, 31.3 pg/mL, 15.6 pg/mL and 7.8 pg/mL, respectively. Assay Buffer A serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).



4. Wash the plate 4 times with at least 300 μL of 1X Wash Buffer per well and blot any residual buffer by firmly tapping the plate upside down on absorbent paper. All subsequent washes should be performed similarly.

5. For measuring samples of cell culture supernatant:

- a) Add 50 μL of Assay Buffer A to each well that will contain either standard dilutions or samples.
- b) Add 50 μL of standard dilutions or samples to the appropriate wells.

For measuring serum or plasma samples:

- a) Add 50 μ L of Matrix C to each well that will contain the standard dilutions. Add 50 μ L of Assay Buffer A to each well that will contain samples.
- b) Add 50 μ L of standard dilutions to the wells containing Matrix C. Add 50 μ L of diluted serum or plasma samples to the wells containing Assay Buffer A.
- 6. Seal the plate with a Plate Sealer included in the kit and incubate the plate at room temperature for 2 hours while shaking at 200 rpm.
- 7. Discard the contents of the plate into a sink, then wash the plate 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in step 4.
- 8. Add 100 μ L of Mouse IFN- β Detection Antibody solution to each well, seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 2 hours while shaking.
- 9. Discard the contents of the plate into a sink, then wash the plate 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in step 4.
- 10. Add 100 μL of Avidin-HRP D solution to each well, seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes while shaking.
- 11. Discard the contents of the plate into a sink, then wash the plate 5 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in step 4. For this final wash, soak wells in 1X Wash Buffer for 30 seconds to 1 minute for each wash. This will help minimize background.
- 12. Add 100 μ L of Substrate Solution F to each well and incubate for 30 minutes in the dark. Wells containing mouse IFN- β should turn blue in color with an intensity proportional to its concentration. It is not necessary to seal the plate during this step.
- 13. Stop the reaction by adding 100 μL of Stop Solution to each well. The solution color should change from blue to yellow.
- 14. Read absorbance at 450 nm immediately. If the reader is capable of reading at 570 nm, the absorbance at 570 nm can be subtracted from the absorbance at 450 nm.

LEGEND MAX[™] Mouse IFN-β ELISA Kit

Assay Procedure Summary



Wash 4 times

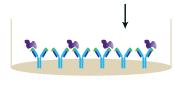
sample wells

For measuring serum or plasma:

Wash 4 times Add 50 µL Assay Buffer A to standard or



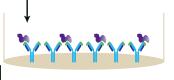
2. Add 50 µL diluted standards to standard wells Add 50 µL samples to sample wells Incubate 2 hr, RT, shaking



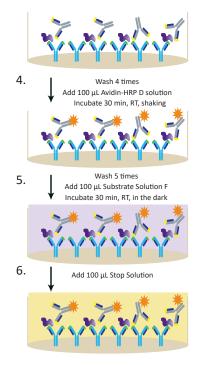
Add 50 µL Matrix C to standard wells Add 50 µL Assay Buffer A to sample wells



Add 50 µL diluted standards to standard wells Add 50 µL of samples to sample wells Incubate 2 hr, RT, shaking



Wash 4 times 3. Add 100 μL Detection Antibody solution Incubate 2 hrs, RT, shaking



7. Read absorbance at 450 nm and 570 nm

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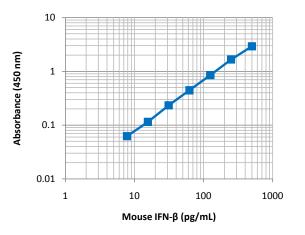
Calculation of Results:

The data can be best calculated with computer-based curve-fitting software using a 5- or 4-parameter logistics curve-fitting algorithm. If an appropriate software is not available, use log-log graph paper to determine sample concentrations. Determine the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate or triplicate standards, controls, and samples. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper with cytokine concentration on the X-axis and absorbance on the Y-axis. Draw a best fit line through the standard points. To determine the unknown cytokine concentrations, find the mean absorbance value of the unknown concentration on the Y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the cytokine concentration.

If samples were diluted, multiply the concentration by the appropriate dilution factor. If a test sample's absorbance value falls outside the linear portion of the standard curve, the test sample needs to be re-analyzed at a higher (or lower) dilution as appropriate.

Typical Data:

This standard curve was generated at BioLegend for demonstration purposes only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Performance Characteristics:

<u>Specificity</u>: No cross-reactivity was observed when this kit was used to analyze the following recombinant cytokines/chemokines, each at up to 50 ng/mL.

Mouse	IFN-γ, IL-1α, IL-3, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10, IL-12 p40, IL-12 p70, IL-13, IL-17A, IL-17E, IL-17F, IL-22, IL-23, IL-33, CXCL10, CXCL11, SCF, TACI-Fc, VEGF, FGF-Basic, GM-CSF, TNF-α
Human	IFN-β, IFN-λ1, IFN-λ2, IFN-ω

<u>Sensitivity</u>: The minimum detectable concentration is 1.9 pg/mL (average of 1.7 +/- 0.2 pg/mL in 5 assays).

<u>*Recovery:*</u> Recombinant mouse IFN-β, at concentrations of 250, 62.5, and 15.6 pg/mL, was spiked into four pooled serum samples, each from a different mouse strain, and then analyzed with the LEGEND MAXTM Mouse IFN-β ELISA Kit. On average, 107% of the protein was recovered from the serum samples.

<u>Linearity</u>: Four mouse serum samples with high concentrations of mouse IFN- β were diluted with Matrix C to produce samples with values within the dynamic range, and then assayed with the kit to determine the dilution linearity. The linearity of dilution ranged from 98 to 111%. On average, 104% linearity of dilution was observed.

<u>Intra-Assay Precision</u>: Two samples with different mouse IFN- β concentrations were tested with 12 replicates in one assay.

Concentration	Sample 1	Sample 2
Number of Replicates	12	12
Mean Concentration (pg/mL)	192.3	17.8
Standard Deviation	2.7	0.5
% CV	1.4	2.8

<u>Inter-Assay Precision</u>: Two samples with different concentrations of mouse IFN- β were assayed in five independent assays.

Concentration	Sample 1	Sample 2		
Number of Assays	5	5		
Mean Concentration (pg/mL)	194.2	17.2		
Standard Deviation	4.4	0.5		
% CV	2.2	2.9		

Biological Samples:

Serum- Four pooled serum samples each from a different mouse strain were assayed for basal levels of mouse IFN- β . One sample resulted in detectable concentrations of 2.6 pg/mL.

Cell Culture Supernatant - RAW264.7 cells were plated in a 12-well plate at 3 x 10⁶ cells/well until ~80% confluent, then stimulated with various concentrations of LPS. Supernatants were removed at various timepoints and assayed for mouse IFN- β . There was a dose-dependent response in mouse IFN- β production when RAW264.7 cells were stimulated by LPS. LPS stimulation (1000 ng/mL) for six hours produced ~130 pg/mL of mouse IFN- β , compared to non-detectable levels in a control. Concentrations fell by approximately 2-fold by the 2nd day.

Troubleshooting Guide:

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution			
High Background	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using the provided plate sealers.			
		Use multichannel pipettes and change tips between pipetting samples and reagents.			
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes. Increase soaking time between washes prior to addition of substrate solution.			
	TMB Substrate Solution was contaminated	TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells. Use a clean container prior to pipetting substrate solution into wells.			
No or poor signal	Detection Antibody, Avidin-HRP or Substrate solution were NOT added				
	Wrong reagent or reagents were added in wrong sequential order	Rerun the assay and follow the protocol.			
	Insufficient plate agitation	The plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using a plate shaker at a speed where solutions in wells are within constant motion without splashing.			
	The wash buffer contains Sodium Azide (NaN3)	Avoid Sodium Azide contamination in the wash buffer as it inhibits HRP activity.			
	Incubations were done at an inappropriate temperature, timing or without agitation	Rerun the assay and follow the protocol.			
Low or poor standard curve	The standard was incorrectly reconstituted or diluted	Adjust the calculations and follow the protocol.			
signal	Standard was inappropriately stored	Store the reconstituted standard stock solution in polypropylene vials at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.			
	Reagents added to wells with incorrect concentrations	Check for pipetting errors and the correct reagent volume.			

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BioLegend®

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